

School Behaviour Support & Management Plan

Revised December 2022



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STATEMENT OF PURPOSE: STUDENT WELFARE AND DISCIPLINE

POSITIVE BEHAVIOUR FOR LEARNING

At Murwillumbah Public School, we believe that all students can learn and have the right to do so. As such we have the following priorities:

- The provision of quality education for all students
- The care and safety of all students

Our "Student Welfare Policy" is built on the Positive Behaviour for Learning platform, underpinned by strategies which promote quality learning, fair behaviour management procedures and supportive wellbeing practices.

When parents enrol their children at Murwillumbah Public School, they enter a partnership with the school staff. This partnership is based on shared responsibilities and mutual respect. Our responsibilities are:

- Model the school's expectations
- Provide challenging and interesting learning experiences
- Encourage each student to achieve their potential
- Provide support to students in all aspects of school life
- Monitor student progress and take appropriate action
- Acknowledge positive achievements, attitudes, and behaviours
- Provide a caring, safe, and ordered environment
- Communicate regularly with parents
- Implement a small number of easily understood rules and consequences that are fair, clear, and consistently applied
- Ensure policies and programs include principles of natural justice and procedural fairness

MURWILLUMBAH PUBLIC SCHOOL EXPECTATIONS

We are a Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) school, our expectations are:

RESPECT RESPONSIBILITY LEARNING

Our language when speaking to students is consistent and linked to our school expectations in both classroom and non-classroom settings. Signage around the school and in the classrooms reflects our expectations.

Our expectations are taught explicitly to students. This is done through whole school assemblies, classrooms and our everyday interactions with students. We, as a staff, model the school's expectations in what we do and what we say.

Recognise and encourage positive behaviour and when correcting student behaviour, do so by being explicit in instruction and wherever possible stated positively. E.g. Are you acting safely?

Chance cards are available to acknowledge students who are meeting our expectations. Chance cards are available from the office. PBL has been incorporated into the Awards structure to reward students and note this on Sentral.

RECOGNITION OF STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT

Chance Cards

Students that are meeting our School's three expectations are eligible to receive chance cards. Blue Chance Cards – for positive classroom behaviour.

Green Chance Cards – for positive behaviours in the playground.

Merit awards, certificates and other appropriate school-based rewards

- Class awards weekly 1 per class- 1 Respect, Responsibility, Learning
- Key Learning Awards/Quality Work presented at the whole school assembly
- Principal, Silver and gold awards presented at the whole school assembly presentation of awards at whole school assemblies, presentation assemblies, special assemblies chance cards - used by all staff are to recognise positive behaviour by children in the playground and classroom
- PBL Green chance card recipients drawn from a barrel at recess assemblies.
- Lunchtime computer passes awarded to students during class time for positive behaviour

Progression of Awards

4Merit Certificates	1 Principal Award
4 Principal Awards	1 Silver Award
4 Silver Awards	1 Gold Award

Gold Award

Children receive Merit Awards at the Wednesday assemblies. Children who receive a Principal award will be presented at the whole school assemblies held each week.

Children receiving a Gold Award will have their photo taken with the Principal and published in the school newsletter. Gold Award plaques are presented on Presentation Evening, Gold certificates are presented at Wednesday assemblies.

N.B. Awards may be postponed should the recipient become involved in negative behaviour thus resulting in a warning/ detention letter. The award will be presented to the child when the school executive considers his/her behaviour satisfactory. Parents, students, and classroom teachers will be informed.

Ongoing, regular contact with parents

Letters, telephone, for both formal and informal interviews are used to advise of positive behaviour and attitude as well as negative aspects of students' behaviour.

PBL Excursions

The school may organise excursions at the end of each term to recognise positive behaviour.

Promoting Student Achievement

- Displays at local shopping centre
- Use of school newsletter to promote the school to the local community
- Student achievement recognised by publishing names /photos in the newsletter and school website
- Good workers sent to supervisors/principal for positive reinforcement and reward for good schoolwork, attitude, behaviour, etc
- Students entered in local / district / state competitions are reported to local community via newsletters, assemblies and local papers and the school web site.
- Personal class reward charts
- School display boards

PART B

STUDENT SUPPORT

Learning Support Team

The school learning and support team plays a key role in ensuring that the specific needs of students with disability and additional learning and support needs are met.

The team:

- Supports teachers in identifying and responding to the additional learning needs of students
- Facilitates and coordinates a whole school approach to improving the learning outcomes of every student
- Coordinates planning processes and resourcing for students with disability and additional learning and support needs
- Designs and implements the supports required to build teacher capacity so that all students access quality learning
- Develops collaborative partnerships with the school, parents and carers, other professionals, and the wider school community.

Student Assistance Scheme

Through the Student Assistance Scheme, limited financial assistance can be provided to students to meet their immediate needs i.e. stationery, uniforms, excursions and additional studies fees. Applications can be made through the Administration Office. Students who attend school without sufficient food for the day can see any member of staff who will make some arrangements to ensure their wellbeing.

Student Counselling

School counsellors are qualified teachers who have a degree in psychology and post graduate qualifications in school counselling.

They complement and enhance the work of teachers by:

- Strengthening the schools' student welfare provisions, and
- Providing psychological assessments of students with specific needs.

Murwillumbah PS LEARNING SUPPORT TEAM REFERRAL

Student Name:	8	Referred by: Date: ([]] 🖟)_
Class: Date of Birth:		Parent's contacted? YES NO (circle one)
REFERRAL CONCERNS	Minor Cancern Moderate Cancern Serious	Reason for referral: What are your concerns? Elaborate on areas ticked above. Attach relevant data such as work samples, anecdotal records, observations etc.
ACADEMIC		
Below class average / Underachieving	$\overline{}$	4
Disinterested / Indifferent Does not understand / Needs assistance	-	-
Homework incomplete		1
Learning difficulties		
Reading skills		
Expressive language	-	-
Receptive language – understanding / carrying out verbal instructions		
Writing - structure		1
Handwriting / fine motor skills		
Numeracy skills		
Attention span Organisational skills	-	What strategies have been implemented to date and with what success?
Difficulty attaining basic skills / new ideas		
Memory recall difficulties		STLA Speech Counselling OT Classroom assistance
PHYSICAL		SLSO) Other Please specify:
Sight		
Hearing Speech	-	- 1
Unwell		1
Weight		
Gross motor skills		
Fine motor skills		
Fractional Truancy		-
Frequent requests to leave the room	$\overline{}$	1
Frequently arrives late		
Frequently leaves early		
Frequent Absences / pattern to absences		
BEHAVIOUR / SOCIAL		What outcome/s would you like from this referral?
Angry		
Argumentative		11
Bullying		1
Defiant / Resentful	$\overline{}$	1
Depressed	-	-
Disengaged / Restless		-
Disobedient	\vdash	
Easily upset / Stressed		How can the Learning Support Team help? (Please tick as many as you feel is relevant)
Interrupts		
Introverted / rarely participates in class		STLA Reading Recovery Itinerant Support Teacher Speech
Rude / Offensive		Counselling Program assistance G & T OT Classroom
Socially Isolated		assistance (LSO) Chaplain Other please specify:
Talkative	$\overline{}$	
Disruptive		-
Victim	-	-
Y. Carrier Control of the Control of	-	
Displays unusual behaviour		
OTHER		LST comments:
Lack of food		
Personal hygiene		
Self esteem		11
Self harming behaviours		11
pperson i recommendati della seggi di s		J

REFERRAL TO SCHOOL COUNSELLOR

From Learning Support Team / Student Welfare Committee (For students Kindergarten to Year 6)



For completion by CLASS TEACHER or

LST /SWC CO-ORDINATOR	Student's Name:				
NB. A copy of this referral form may be given to, or discussed	School:				
with, parents or caregivers.	Class / Teacher:				
Please complete relevant sections. Other information may be	Date of Birth:				
attached.	Date of referral:				
First referral	aregiver referral form attached				
Reason for referral?					
Classroom achievement? (Reading, spelling, number, etc)					
Language skills? (Expressive and receptive language, fluency	, etc)				
Physical skills? (Gross motor, fine motor)					
Behaviour, social skills, attendance?					
Student's strengths					
What strategies have been tried so far and with what success'	?				
What outcomes would you like from this referral?					
Teacher's name: Signature:	Date:				
Comments by LST/SWC Co-ordinator					
LST/SWC Co-ordinator's name: Sig	jnature Date:				

DEALING WITH INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR

Factors Contributing to Inappropriate Behaviour

When establishing appropriate management strategies for negative behaviour, always consider that all behaviour has a purpose.

Contributing factors may include:

- Lack of skills, social or academic, of the student or the inability to apply skills consistently in a variety of contexts.
- Lack of choices for students in their lives.
- Inappropriate curriculum.
- Inappropriate teaching strategies.
- Personal circumstances which are reflected at school.
- A cry for help.

Preventative Action

- Know your students well.
- Teach PBL Expectation's explicitly to students.
- Attend to students as individuals, not just to the class.
- Have clear and consistent routines.
- Move around the room do not sit at the desk issuing commands/instructions.
- Emphasise and adhere to school expectations.
- Reward positive behaviour and success offer praise and encouragement frequently catch students being good.
- Have a functional room that supports learning.
- Prepare and utilise appropriate materials.
- Arrive at class on time.
- Plan interesting lessons including a variety of appropriate learning activities.
- Cater and plan for all learning styles and levels curriculum differentiation, and modification.
- Communicate clear expectations.
- Do not leave the room during class time.
- Plan appropriate seating arrangements.
- Negotiate a Behaviour Management Plan classroom expectations and procedures.
- Plan a language for discipline (what will you say?).
- Address problem behaviour directly and immediately.
- Model consistent, caring, and controlled behaviour be objective, not judgemental

Corrective Action

Action least intrusive to most intrusive:

- Tactically ignore decide how long to ignore and what your next step will be if it does not
 work (never ignore behaviour that may compromise the safety of the student or others
 around them).
- Nonverbal message or gesture make eye contact or facial messages such as a smile or frown with off task students. Make hand signals, click fingers, point, or wag the finger.
- Distractions and diversions teachers can often anticipate a disruption or problem and distract or re-direct students. This can be done by inviting some assistance; asking a question; moving closer to the student; giving them a task; asking the student to move.
- Casual statements or questions check the student's progress with casual questions "How's it going?", "Where are you up to?"

- Simple directions (repeat if necessary) using the student's name may be enough. Make a direct statement. "Put the pen down." "Stop talking. Allow "take-up" time.
- Core Rule re-statement/rule reminder state the rule or procedure. "You know the rule. If you want to ask a question, it is hands up."
- Questions and feedback (1) "What are you doing?" (2) "What should you be doing?" (3)
 "Here are your choices...."
- Taking the student aside move the student away from their peers and clearly discuss the student's behaviour, giving them options to re-enter the room and work or face more stringent consequences. The choice is theirs as they own their behaviour.
- Consequences If the student does not choose to behave in an appropriate and safe way, the next step in the behaviour management program is for formal consequences.

TIME OUT SLIP- It is the responsibility of the classroom teacher to have time out slips always run off and available in the classroom

When referring students to BUDDY CLASS please make sure this slip is completed. Record on Sentral making sure to identify follow up action as per behaviour management procedures.

MANULLUMBAN)	OUT (BUDDY CLASS) SLIP
STUDENT	CLASS: DATE:
TEACHER :	TIME SENT:
PREVIOUS ACTIONS ✓	Reason for referral
☐ Three dots on board	
☐ Remind of expectations	
☐ Moved/Isolated within the room	
Spoke to student about behaviour	
Counselled outside	
Redirected to alternative activity FOLLOW UP ACTIONS	
Record on Sentral	
☐ Phone/contact parent	
☐ Speak to supervisor	
☐ Other	

REFLECTION SHEET FOR STUDENTS PLACED IN REFLECTION TIME



- Respect
- Responsibility
- Learning

Time to Think	
Name: Date:	7
What will the teacher say you were doing?	_
	-
What was I doing?	
Were the action(s) I chose, Not good 1 2 3 4 5 Good (please circle)	
What would have been a better choice?	
	_
Which of the school's expectations did you not meet?	
Respect Responsibility	
☐ Learning	
Has your teacher spoken to you about this behaviour before? Yes \(\square \) No \(\square \) If Yes, why did you repeat the poor behaviour?	_
How can we work together to stop this happening again?	_
How can we make up for what has happened?	_
Signed: Teacher:	

BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES – LEVELS AND MONITORING SYSTEMS

To ensure consistency within all classrooms, the following whole school procedure is as follows:

Each class teacher utilises the school's classroom management system in line with Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) principles including "Buddy Class" System

1. Name on the board

- 2. Dot beside the student's name (reminder and reflection time with class teacher -optional)
- 3. **Two Dots** = Extended reflection time with an Executive. Teacher to record on Sentral and generate letter to the parent. Note to be returned and signed or confirmation from parents to the issuing teacher and classroom teacher.
- 4. Three Dots= Student redirected to buddy class with referral slip (for one session only). Class teacher to record on Sentral and generate letter to the parent. The student will report to the stage supervisor at lunch for extended reflection time.

Monitoring Levels

Any student who is repeatedly placed in reflection will go onto the school's monitoring level depending on where the negative behaviours are presented. For example-

Classroom Behaviours= Behaviour Monitoring Card (5 day duration)

Playground Behaviours= Playground Monitoring Card (5 day duration

Behaviour Monitoring Card (5 day duration before review)

Issued by an Executive member for **persistent** <u>classroom behaviour</u> to high-level behaviours. Meeting to take place with Class Teacher, student and Supervisor to formulate goals and apply any strategies to improve behavioural/learning outcomes

The class teacher and supervisor monitor behaviour over consecutive days. Letter sent home, record on Sentral.

Possible formal caution (of suspension) if the behaviour continues.

Playground Monitoring Card (5-day duration before review)

Issued by Executive member for **persistent** <u>playground behaviour</u> to high-level behaviours. Meeting to take place with Class Teacher, student and Supervisor to formulate goals and apply any strategies to improve playground behaviour/interactions. Class Teacher and Supervisor monitor behaviour over consecutive days. Letter sent home, record on Sentral. Possible further consequences if negative behaviour continues.

BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES – SUSPENSION

- 1. Suspension allows students time to reflect on their behaviour, to acknowledge and accept responsibility for changing their behaviour thus enabling them to meet the school's expectations in the future.
- 2. Murwillumbah Public School will work in partnerships with parents in assisting the student to rejoin the school community. This is most effective when the parent takes an active role in this process.
- 3. Principals have the authority to suspend or expel a student from a particular school. Short suspension: 1-4 days. Long suspension: 5-20 days.
- 4. Murwillumbah Public School will suspend immediately, consistent with the Department of Education and Communities procedures, any student who:
 - Uses, or is in the possession of, a suspected illegal drug or promotes a substance as an illegal drug or supplies a restricted substance (e.g. prescription drugs)
 - Assists other students to obtain illegal substances or supply restricted substances
 - Is aggressive, violent or threatens serious physical violence
 - Is in possession of, or uses a prohibited weapon, firearm or knife
 - Demonstrates continued disobedience or persistent misbehaviour of the MPS expectations.
 - Engages in criminal behaviour related to the school
 - Uses an implement as a weapon or threatens to use a weapon
- 5. Students must attend a re-entry interview with their parent(s). Either the Principal or Assistant Principal and Class teacher will conduct the interview. The Learning and Support Teacher (LaST), School Counsellor (SC) may attend the interview along with other appropriate personnel.
- 6. Whilst on suspension students are required to complete the work provided for them by the class teacher This work is to be presented and discussed at the re-entry interview.
- 7. Students will complete a re-entry contract, negotiate their individual improvement Focus Behaviours and be placed on a <u>Behaviour Monitoring Card</u> as part of their re-entry program. Students will not be able to represent the school or participate in extra curricula activities until they have demonstrated consistent, improved behaviour
- 8. Should a student not meet their agreed re-entry program students may have a further suspension imposed.

ATTENDANCE PROCEDURES

Monitoring

- Class teachers to monitor attendance of students in their class as per normal
- Class teachers maintain contact with parents regarding persistent lateness or unjustified absences
- Assistant Principals to print out attendance data each Monday. Data to be analysed and brought to Executive Meeting & student welfare meetings when required.

Management

- Should student attendance drop below 80% and efforts to address attendance concerns are
 not successful via email, phone Attendance letter 2 will be sent. (Letter to be sent by LaST
 and or Stage Supervisors/Principal. (Attendance letter 2 requires parents to attend a meeting
 with the Class teacher and or Stage Supervisor or LaST/School Counsellor)
- Should interventions fail to increase school attendance and engagement student to be raised at stage meetings and or student welfare meetings.
- Attendance letter 3 will be sent by LaST and referred to Home School Liaison Officer (HSLO).

Attendance Merits

• Attendance data is checked weekly to identify students who have above 90% attendance and receive an Attendance Merit Award at the Wednesday assembly.

HSLO Involvement

• Student case managed by HSLO/LaST and class teacher. Attendance improvement program initiated for a minimum of 6 weeks.

Please note:

Attendance letters 2 and 3 are in Sentral- under wellbeing- negative incident.

This week my goal is to	
I can achieve this goal by	
In the future I will	
Student Signature	
Teacher Signature	
Parent Signature	



Monitoring Card

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday		
Before School	© @ @	© @ @	© <u>©</u> <u>©</u>	© © ©	© @ @		
Morning Session	© <u>©</u> <u>®</u>	© <u>@</u> <u>@</u>	© <u>@</u> <u>@</u>	© <u>@</u> @	© <u>©</u> <u>©</u>		
Recess	© <u>@</u>	© <u>@</u>	© @ ®	© @ ®	© <u>©</u> <u>@</u>		
Middle Session	© <u>@</u> <u>@</u>	© <u>@</u> <u>@</u>	© <u>@</u> <u>@</u>	© @ ®	© <u>@</u> @		
Lunch	© <u>@</u> <u>@</u>	© <u>@</u> <u>@</u>	© @ @	© @ @	© <u>@</u>		
Afternoon Session	© <u>@</u> @	© @ @		© (9)	© @ @		

Rating







This card is the student's responsibility.

They must give it to the teacher for each lesson and collect it at the end.

This week my goal is to	
I can achieve this goal by	
In the future I will	
Student Signature	_
Teacher Signature	
Parent Signature	



Classroom Monitoring Card



Name:		
riditio.		

Class:

Monitoring Card

		Mond	ay		Tuesd	ау	V	/ednes	day		Thurso	lay		Frida	ıy
Morning Session	©	<u>=</u>	<u></u>	©	<u>=</u>	©	©	<u>=</u>	©	©	<u>=</u>	<u>@</u>	©	<u>=</u>	9
Middle Session	©	<u>=</u>	©	©	<u>=</u>	<u>©</u>	©	<u>=</u>	⊗	©	<u>•</u>	<u>@</u>	©	<u>=</u>	<u>@</u>
Afternoon Session	©	<u></u>	<u></u>	©	<u></u>	<u>@</u>	©	<u></u>	<u></u>	©	<u>=</u>	<u></u>	<u>©</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>@</u>

Rating



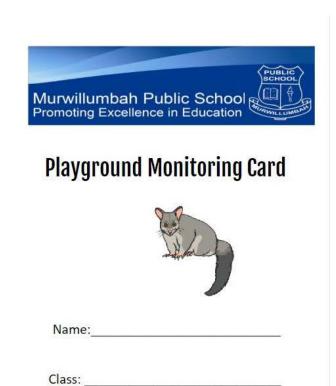




This card is the student's responsibility.

They must give it to the teacher for each lesson and collect it at the end.

This week my goal is to	
I can achieve this goal by	- 1
In the future I will	
Student Signature	
Teacher Signature	
Parent Signature	



Monitoring Card

		Mond	ау		Tuesd	ау	V	/edne	sday		Thurso	day		Frida	y
Recess	9	<u>a</u>	<u>©</u>	©	<u>@</u>	<u>@</u>	©	<u></u>		©	<u>•</u>	<u>@</u>	©	<u></u>	9
Lunch	©	<u>=</u>	<u> </u>	©	<u>=</u>	S	©	<u></u>	©	©	<u>=</u>	©	©	<u></u>	<u>@</u>

Rating







This card is the student's responsibility.

They must give it to the teacher for each lesson and collect it at the end.

PART D

Behaviour	Examples	Behaviour Levels	Possible Consequences	Management Strategies	Staff Responsible
Disruptive (Interferes	Calling out, making	Low Level= Single	Low Level= Name on	Reflection time	
with teaching and	noises, out of their seat,	incident, minor	board, then dot		Class teacher
learning)	talking over others,	disruption			
	interfering with other		Medium level= Buddy	Behaviour monitoring	
	student's work, crawling	Medium Level=	Class, reflection time	book	AP/LaST
	on the floor, under tables	Persistent disruption,			
	etc	behaviour that stops the	High Level= Student to	The Referral to Learning	
		teacher from teaching	buddy class, parent	Support Team	
			meeting, behaviour		School counsellor
		High Level=	monitoring card		
		Deliberate and continual			
		disruption despite			
		interventions	Short Suspension		
		Continued disobedience			
Aggressive behaviour	Hitting, kicking, pushing,	Low Level= hands-on	Low Level= Time	Discussion of	Class teacher or
	shoving, swearing and	behaviour that does not	out/teacher intervention	expectations,	duty teacher
	intimidating behaviour,	cause injury	Medium level= Time		
	biting, head-butting		out/reflection time	Reflection time letter	
		Medium Level=	High level= Short	home	
		Deliberate breach of the	Suspension	Record on Sentral	
		hands-off policy			
				Parents contacted	
		High Level= Persistent			
		behaviours/behaviours		AP/P involvement	
		that cause injury			
Dangerous	Risk-taking behaviour	Low Level= One	Low Level=	Discussion of	
-	e.g., climbing,	incident/low level of risk	Time out/teacher	expectations,	Principal/AP
	absconding, using		intervention		
	implements/equipment				

	inappropriately, throwing objects, or damaging school or personal property, out of bounds	Medium Level= Risk of danger to be considered and or potential risk factors High Level= Deliberate/dangerous and or persistent	Medium level= = Time out/reflection time/ Discussion of expectations, High Level= Notify parent-request meeting to discuss consequences. Possible suspension	Reflection time letter home Record on Sentral Parents contacted AP/P involvement	
Refusal	To follow reasonable instructions	Low Level= Subtle, isolated incident Medium Level= Openly refusing, persistent High Level= Answering back/refusal deliberate act to defy the teacher Continued disobedience	Low Level= Name on board, then dot/reflection time Medium level= Buddy Class, reflection time High Level= Removal from classroom, Parent meeting, behaviour monitoring book Short suspension	Discussion of expectations, Record on Sentral Teacher/AP reflection time Behaviour monitoring book	Class teacher AP/LaST
Offensive	Spitting, picture/drawing, verbal comments, swearing	Low Level= Subtle, isolated incident Medium Level= Deliberate incident designed to cause offence Verbal/physical High Level= Deliberate incident causing offence Verbal/physical.	Low Level= Reflection time (depending on the area of the incident, removal from the area) Medium level= Reflection time. Removal from the area. Reflection time High Level= Removal from classroom, Parent meeting,	Discussion of expectations, record on Sentral Mediation with student and other parties	

			behaviour monitoring book Formal warning of suspension Short suspension	Playground monitoring book or behaviour monitoring book	
Harassment	Name-calling, taking of possessions, intimidation, threats, cyber	Low Level= Subtle, one- off incident Medium Level= Deliberate incident designed to hurt feelings High Level= Threats of violence/persistent threats despite interventions	Low Level= Reflection time (depending on the area of the incident, removal from the area) Medium level= Reflection time. Removal from the area. Reflection time High Level= Buddy class, Parent meeting, behaviour monitoring book Formal caution, Short suspension	Discussion of expectations, Record on Sentral Mediation with student and other parties Playground monitoring book or behaviour monitoring book	All staff
Physical violence (results in injury or seriously interferes with the safety and well- being other students	Physical conflict Aggressive behaviour that causes injury or harm	Low Level= See above aggressive behaviour High Level= Fight or deliberate act of serious	Suspension from school (Decide whether the incident is aggressive behaviour (short suspension Physical Violence (Long	Formal Long Suspension Follow DET guidelines (See Long Suspension checklist)	Principal/Assistant Principal LaST School Counsellor
and staff) Stealing/Theft	Equipment, toys, other people's property	violence Low Level= one-off incident Medium Level= One-off incident and lied or persistent issue High Level= Consider the item stolen, the effect of	suspension) Low Level= Reflection time Medium level= Reflection time Interview with parent/formal warning	Discussion of expectations, Record on Sentral	All staff/AP

		the stolen item on the persons involved	High Level= Formal warning of suspension/monitoring card Suspension	Mediation with student and other parties	
	Truanting, stealing,	Low Level= One off	Low Level=		
Dishonesty	making up stories,	(consider the age of the student)	Discussion of expectations, Record on Sentral	Discussion of expectations, Record on Sentral	All staff
		Medium Level=			
		Persistent issue	Medium level= Reflection time		AP
		High Level= Persistent			
		issue that creates a	High Level=		
		continual disruption or	Formal		
		peer conflict	caution/monitoring card		
		Low Level= One-off	Low Level= Reflection		All staff
Vandalism	School/personal property	incident (consider the	time	Discussion of	
		age of the student)		expectations,	
		Medium Level=		Record on Sentral	
		Consider the recorded			
		damage and impact of	Medium level=	Photograph evidence of	
		damage on teaching and	Reflection time	vandalism	
		learning High Level = Consider the		Refer to Principal	
		recorded damage and	 High Level=	Keler to Principal	Principal
		impact of damage on	night Level-		Fillicipal
		teaching and learning.	Suspension		
		Frequency of incidents	Suspension		
		to be considered.			
	•	Suspension re	lated incidents	•	'
Continued		•			Staff
Disobedience	Persistent disruption to	The student has moved	Short Suspension	Record on Sentral	
	teaching and learning	through the school's			AP/Principal
		behaviour management		Refer to Principal	

	1		<u> </u>		1
		procedures. All incidents			
		recorded, letters sent		Principal to complete	
		home, and monitoring		suspension process	
		cards have failed to			LaST
		assist behaviour			
				Record on Sentral	Staff
	Multiple incidences of	The student has moved	Short Suspension		
Aggressive Behaviour	aggressive behaviour	through behaviour		Refer to Principal	AP/Principal
	across settings or high-	management			
	level incident	procedures. All incidents		Principal to complete	
		recorded letters sent		suspension process	
		home, monitoring cards			
		have failed to assist			
		behaviour			
Persistent	Persistent disruption to	Student has moved			
Misbehaviour	teaching and learning.	through behaviour	Long Suspension 5- 20	Record on Sentral	Principal/Assistant
	More than 2 short	management	days)		Principal
	suspensions for	procedures. All incidents	, ,	Refer to Principal	•
	continued disobedience	recorded letters sent		·	LaST
	in the past 12 months.	home, monitoring cards		Principal to complete	
	·	have failed to assist		suspension process	School Counsellor
		behaviour. Interventions			
		are in place, however,		Follow DET guidelines	
		student is still		(See Long Suspension	
		presenting persistent		checklist)	
		negative behaviours.			
Physical violence	Physical conflict	Low Level= See above	Suspension from school	Formal Long Suspension	Principal/Assistant
(results in injury or	Aggressive behaviour	aggressive behaviour	(Decide whether the		Principal
seriously interferes	that causes injury or		incident is aggressive	Follow DET guidelines	·
with the safety and	harm		behaviour (short	(See Long Suspension	LaST
wellbeing other		High Level= Fight or	suspension	checklist)	
students and staff)		deliberate act of serious	Physical Violence (Long	,	School Counsellor
		violence	suspension)		

MPS BEHAVIOUR EXPECTATIONS

PUBLIC SCHOOL	BEHAVIOU	JR EXPECTATION	N MATRIX	PUBLIC SCHOOL PUBLIC SCHOOL
	Bus- Shelter	Gates-Riverview and Side	Waiters	Sport 3-6
RESPECT	*Use quiet voices *Listen to and follow all directions of teachers and bus drivers. *Use your manners, both on and off the bus	* Wait for the teacher to see your parent and then say goodbye * Listen to and follow all instructions	* Use quiet voices * Let teacher know that you are leaving	* Listen to and follow directions *Use equipment in safe and appropriate way * respect other people's property *Walk quietly
RESPONSIBILITY	*Walk *Line up and sit quietly in correct bus line *Be prepared *Sit on the bus *Keep hands and feet to ourselves	*Walk directly to designated area *Stay in school grounds until asked by teacher to leave. * Cross the road with the teacher	*Walk directly to the area * Stay seated until parent arrives * Walk up to your parent * Take all of your belongings with you	* Get all necessary equipment *Use the toilet *Walk in two lines *Stop at all road crossings *Pack up all equipment * Sit in class lines at the end of sport
LEARNING	*Be Prompt *Know your bus number	* Wait patiently	*Wait patiently	* Stay in designated area



BEHAVIOUR EXPECTATION MATRIX



	0		11 44 20	
	Canteen	Toilets	Assembly-11:30	Assembly
RESPECT	*Use a quiet voice *Use our manners *Place rubbish in the bin *Respect the canteen area	*Flush the toilets *Respect space and privacy *Use soap, toilet paper and water appropriately *Quiet voices *Boys use trough correctly	*Listen to and follow all teacher directions *Clap appropriately *Be quiet	*Listen to and follow all directions *Clap appropriately *Sing with pride *Be quiet
RESPONSIBILITY	*Line up *Buy and go *Buy food for ourselves *Class leaders collect lunches *Walk *Keep area clean	*Walk *Wash hands *Turn off taps *Report inappropriate behaviour *Keep the area clean	*Leave playground promptly *Walk *Sit still in class lines *Be an active listener *Keep your hands and feet to ourselves *Hats, lunchboxes, balls on ground	*Keep hands and feet to ourselves *Walk in class lines *Sit in class lines *Sit still *Be an active listener
LEARNING	*One person to the counter at a time *Be prepared *Have money ready	*Use toilets during break times	*Listen to the Speaker	*Listen to the speaker



BEHAVIOUR EXPECTATION MATRIX



LEARNING	* Use the play equipment effectively	* To walk in two lines * to walk in a sensible and safe manner.	*Learn the rules of the game	* Play games appropriately * Stay on appropriate sites *
RESPONSIBILITY	*Play safely *Wear hats *Keep your hands and feet to yourself *Put equipment away *Leave the playground promptly * Keep sand in the sand pit	*Walk in two lines * Walk on the concrete *Keep to the left *Look where you are going *Stay behind the person in front of you.	*Include others *Play with fair rules *Return equipment in good condition and to the correct place. * Share the space	* Line up and wait *Walk quietly * Play cooperatively. *Return all equipment *Leave area neat and tidy.
RESPECT	*Listen to and follow all teacher instructions *Use equipment appropriately *Use manners * Take turns	*Follow all teacher directions *Walk silently * Respect personal space • Hold the door open for the person behind you; • Leave room for others to pass;	* Use equipment safely and appropriately *Share and take turns * Use manners * Play quietly * Allow others to enjoy the quiet spaces.	*Use quiet voices *Treat equipment with respect. * Follow all teacher direction *Share equipment.
	K-2 Playground	Transitions	Passive Play	Library (lunch)



Murwillumbah Public School



ANTI-BULLYING POLICY

We promote Resilience and Respect

Bullying <u>IS NOT</u> the normal low level childhood disagreements that occur from time to time.

RATIONALE

Murwillumbah Public School provides quality education in a caring, safe and supportive environment. We work to establish a community in which everybody feels valued and safe, and where individual differences are appreciated, understood and accepted. Every student has a right to enjoy his or her time at school.

We do not tolerate bullying or harassment. Respect for others is expected.

RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Each member of the Murwillumbah Public School community shares in the following rights and responsibilities:

- To feel safe
- To learn and grow
- To respect others
- To be respected
- To use commonsense
- To be valued
- To support others

AIMS OF THE ANTI-BULLYING POLICY

- To reinforce within the school community what bullying is and that it is unacceptable behaviour.
- To address any bullying that occurs at Murwillumbah Public School.
- To assist students to resolve conflicts and differences without bullying.
- To encourage all members of the school community to be alert to signs and evidence of bullying, to have a responsibility to report it to teachers, parents and/or peers.
- To ensure that all reported incidents of bullying are followed up appropriately and that support is given to victims and the bullies.
- To seek parental and peer group support and co-operation at all times.
- To educate students, teachers and parents in anti-bullying actions.
- To foster a happy school climate where students feel safe and confident that teachers will listen and follow through concerns.

DEFINITION: WHAT IS BULLYING?

Bullying is -

- A repeated and unjustifiable behaviour
- Intended to cause fear, distress and/or harm to another
- May be physical, verbal or indirect/relational
- Conducted by a more powerful individual or group
- Against a less powerful individual who is unable to effectively resist.

Types of	Direct	Indirect		
Bullying				
Physical	Hitting, slapping, punching Kicking Pushing strangling Spitting, biting Pinching, scratching Throwing things e.g. stones	Getting another person to harm someone		
Non-Physical	Mean and hurtful name calling Hurtful teasing Demanding money or possessions Forcing another to do homework or commit other offences such as stealing	Spreading nasty rumours Trying to get other students to not like someone		

Non-Verbal	Threatening a	nd/or obscene gestures	Deliberate ex activity	clusion from a group or
			_	d hiding and/or ners' belongings
O have Dilling				
Cyber Bullying	The sending of emails;	f abusive texts or		ividuals from online r communication.
	Taking and sha private images	aring unflattering or s;	chats of othe	r communication.
	Posting unking inappropriate networking sit	images on social		
	-	nd for no strategic ing players in online		
		Physical		Verbal
		Hitting		Insults
		Kicking		Name calling
		Spitting		Teasing
		Throwing stones		Swearing
amage to Property		Throwing sticks		
Hiding property		Branding		
amaging property		Tripping		
		Pushing		Isolation
Gestures		Bullyi	na	Exclusion from gan or activities.
Pulling faces			J	Group secrets
Obscene gestu	res			Note passing
Staring	L			
Dismissal				
	1	//		

Intimidation

Threatening
Overt threatening
Covert threatening
Note Passing

Damage to Property

Hiding property

Damaging property

Demanding money or goods

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Dealing with and responding to allegations of bullying

When an incidence of bullying has been reported the following procedures shall be put in place:

- 1. Ensure that the student is safe and arrange support.
- 2. School staff will investigate and gather the facts about the suspected bullying and, if possible, identify the students involved.
- 3. Implement appropriate procedures to address the bullying using responses such as restorative justice approaches to conflict resolution. These approaches seek to address the underlying issues while providing support to both the victim and the alleged bully.
- 4. Meetings will be undertaken with parent(s) of both the student(s) identified as the bully and victim
- 5. Formal caution letters will be sent home.

When an incident of cyberbullying has been reported the following procedures shall be put in place:

- 1. Ensure that the student is safe and arrange support.
- 2. School staff will investigate and gather the facts about the suspected bullying and, if possible, identify the students involved.
- 3. Implement appropriate procedures to address the cyberbullying using responses such as restorative justice approaches to conflict resolution. These approaches seek to address cyberbullying issues while providing support to both the victim and the bully.
- 4. Consequences as per School Discipline Policy or as appropriate for student displaying cyber bullying behaviour.
- 5. If Sexting is involved the school will contact NSW Police Liaison Officer

OUR SCHOOL PLAN

STEP 1 – Awareness

Developing community awareness

• Community awareness and input relating to anti-bullying, its characteristics and the schools' programs and response. (e.g. newsletters, parent forums)

Implementing School Programs

- Professional development for staff related to bullying and the strategies to counteract it.
- Provide programs that promote resilience, life skills and social skills, assertiveness, conflict resolution and communication skills. (e.g. Friendly Schools and Families, Quality Playground/classroom program, Peer Support Programs)
- Provide elective and structured activities at some recess and lunch breaks (e.g., Library activities, music groups, sports equipment, sport challenges)
- Staff supervision in the playground.
- Ensure students know and understand what behaviour is acceptable in the school. (i.e. consistent classroom/school rules displayed in the school)
- Regular class/stage meetings

STEP 2 - Action

- "Dobbing" is when a person tries to get attention or to get someone else into trouble.
- "Asking for Help" is when someone feels the situation is out of his or her control and he or she is unable to deal with it alone.

Anyone being bullied is encouraged to ask for help

Bystanders are also encouraged to ask for help for the person being bullied

Parents are encouraged to contact the school if they are aware of a problem

Staff will monitor, record and report any incidents of bullying both in the playground and classroom

STEP 3 - Conferencing

- Once identified, the bully, victim and witnesses are spoken with, all incidents or allegations of bullying will be fully investigated.
- Consideration as to why the bullying occurred will be investigated. (e.g. The bigger picture or contributing factors)
- Both bully and victim are to be offered basic assistance and support (i.e. outside school resources through counselling may be utilised if deemed necessary)
- A meeting of relevant persons may be convened if appropriate following identification of on-going bullying behaviour. (Principal, class teacher, parents, students, other) All issues relevant to the behaviour of the student are considered.

STEP 4 - Follow Up / Consequences

- Ongoing monitoring
- Parental contact (if needed)
- Timeout from the class/ playground
- Suspension (in extreme cases)

EXTRA INFORMATION

PLAN: WHAT CAN I DO? (Students being bullied)

- Try to stand up for myself in a positive way. Say, "Stop! I don't like it."
- Try to talk with the person I am having a problem with to sort it out
- Try making a joke. Prepare funny or clever replies to diffuse the situation
- Ask the person bullying to repeat what they said. This can put them off
- Ignore the situation and keep playing or working, or walk away completely
- Talk to a friend to get some ideas to make a decision
- Get help from someone in my support group: family; teacher; friends; school support team; school counsellor
- Stay away from the bully, and places where bullying occurs.
- Be with friendly, supportive friends

BYSTANDERS

- Refuse to join in with the bullying.
- Support the person being bullied just standing next to them can be enough.
- Tell an adult if you are concerned about the bullying.
- It is every student's right and responsibility to report bullying whether it happens to oneself or to someone else.

PARENTS

- If your child is being bullied at school, try to find out the whole story.
- Report it to a teacher, or the Principal. Your report will be followed up.
- Please borrow / read "Friendly Families a parent's guide to dealing with and preventing bullying" available from the library.

The following suggestions are made to parents:

Take an active interest

- in your child's social life
- in what is happening at school

Encourage your child

- to bring friends home
- to accept and tolerate differences in others

Build your child's self-confidence

- by recognising and affirming his/her positive qualities
- by valuing him/her for who he/she is.

Discuss with your child

- the school's expectations about behaviour
- ways to respond if his/her rights are infringed

Encourage constructive responses

- physical bullying or persistent teasing should be reported
- hitting back or retaliating with name -calling won't solve the problem

Set an example

- be firm, but not aggressive in setting behaviour limits
- be positive in things you say and do

Be alert for signs of distress

- unwillingness to attend school
- dropping off in academic performance
- damaged clothing and frequent loss of personal property
- loss of confidence and uncharacteristic mood changes
- withdrawal from social activities.

Act

• If your child is being bullied at school, report it to a teacher, or the Principal. Your report will be followed up.

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT BULLYING

It is often thought that children who have problems at school are the children who bully

Some children who bully are popular children with good leadership skills and groups of friends

They can be popular with the teachers as well, and well behaved in class

Some children may not realise what they are doing is bullying nor the level of hurt or anxiety they are causing others

Children who bully will often change their behaviour once they realise how the person being bullied feels

Some children who bully have **needs or wants they are trying to meet.** These children can benefit from a conference that **helps them find new, respectful ways to meet those needs.**

Studies have shown that almost all children are bullied at some time

Children with high self-esteem and a resilient attitude barely notice the bullying and it stops

Children with low self-esteem are most likely to be effected by bullying

Improving your child's self-esteem through **recognising and acknowledging their qualities and gifts** and their contribution to your family can protect them from the effects of bullying.

